FOURTEEN PAGES TODAY

WEATHER FORECAST El Paso and west Texas, part clonds. New Mexico, fair west, showers sast; warmer. Arizona fair.

# SENATE BILL AROUSES UNION WRA'

# Wilson Wars On Mexico--Roosevelt PRIVINFS COST MORE KING OF GREECE QUITS THRONE

While Claiming To Be at Peace, Wilson Has Made War and Lost Lives.

AMERICANS NOT GIVEN SECURITY

Regardless of Cost of Wilson Policy, Americans Are Killed By Mexicans.

EWISTON, Maine. Sept. 1 .- Theodore Roosevelt, expresident of the United States, flayed president Wilson and his world policies, particularly his "Mexican policy," in an adss here last night in which he urged he nattion to vote for Chas. E. Hughes, Republican nominee for the presidency received scathing rebuke at the hands of the former president.

of the former president.

"Since 1912 we have had four years of a policy which has been an opiato to the spirit of idealism," said Mr. Rousevelt. "It has meant the relaxation of our moral fiber. Horror of war, "ombined with a sordid appeal to self-interest and to fear, has paralyzed the national conscience. We have been told that Americans, if they do not wish to be killed, should leave Mexico and should keep off the ocean; that to save a few American lives it is not worth while to hazard the lives of American soldiers; that Mexicans should be allowed to spill blood to their hearts' content; that the European war is no concern or ours; that even as between Belgium and Germany, we should be neutral not only in act but to sympathy.

Not "Square" With the People.

Not "Square" With the People. "Not once has president Wilson userly pinced before the American sople the question which Abraham modin put before the American people 1850; what is our duty." Not once as he appealed to moral idealism, to a stern enthusiasm of strong men for eright. On the contrary, he has enough of every elecutionary device to it to sleep our sense of duty to make America, which sprang to the success of Cuba in 1895, has stood an idie spectator of the invasion of Belgium of the sinking of the Lusitania, of the countinued slaughter of our own citizeus, and of the reign of anarchy, raplue and murder in Mexico.

Rendy For Americanism.

zens, and of the reign of anarchy, rapine and murder in Mexico.

Rendy For Americanism.

"Nevertheless I believe that the American people were ready for the same kind of appeal which was made to them by Abraham Lincoln in 1850. by the advocates of an honest currency in 1856, by the advocates of the Spanish war in 1855, by the advocates of Nationalism in 1900. But the appeal was not made. On the contrary, Mr. Wilson invoked the spirit of timidity and selfishness. He made no effort to invoke the sense of duty. He put tafety first, the immediate safety of the moment, to be obtained by shrinking from duty. He did not even put American rights first, still less did he materican entire the American duty first.

"In 1866 the question whether the American conlinent become acute. Conservatism said, Let us have pear; business interests said, Safety first, the spirit of pacifism said. Let us compromise, for the evils of slavery are not to be compared with the evil of civil war and posible dissolution of the Union.

Facing a Reality.

To these arguments, so plausible that apparently they carried the great majority of the nation and had the support of multitudes of the best men both in church and state. Abraham Lincoln answered in his Cooper Union Apeech. Either slavery is right of wrong, if it is right, we ought to lo all that the South asks of us; if it is wrong, we have no right to allow it in territory under our control. To this principle he adhered through the political campaign which electied him, through the dark and dangerous days of the interregnum after his election, and through all the tragedy of the civil war. The American people responded to the appeal and sustained in practical fasion the great moral principles Lincoln set forth and embodied. They put duty first and not safety first; and I believe that they will support a policy of national action (Continued on page 3, Col. 1.)

(Continued on page 9, Col. 1.)

Makes Shirts and Commands Regiment



Col. Edward C. Shannon, commanding the fourth infantry, Pennsylvania national guard, is another graduate from the service school of the ranks. He enlisted as a private in company C, fourth infantry, in 1889, was made a corporal in the same company in 1890, a sergeant in 1891, a second Hentenant in 1891, a first lieutenant in 1896 and a captain in 1898.

As captain of company C he served through the Spanish-American war and was made a major of the fourth infantry in 1904 and received his appointment as colonel in 1815.

Col. Shannon is a shirt manufacturer in Columbia. Pa., and is 46 years old.

London, Eng., Sept J .- Five suc ecssive attacks were made by German on the Somme front. The war office announced today that the Germans penetrated British defences on a small frontage at two points between Ginchy

Berlin, Germany, Sept. 1 .- German troops on the Somme front in France Thursday as the result of a counter attack, says the official statement isaxed today by the German army headthey previously had lost near Longue

Petrograd, Russia, Sept. 1.-In the course of the battles Thursday on the western Russian front, says the Russian official statement of today, the Russians captured 289 officers and 15,501 men. Of this number, 2400 were Germans. The Russians also captured six gune, 55 machine guns and seven bomb throwers.

### AUSTRIANS FALLING BACK ON SECOND FORTIFIED LINES

Geneva, Switzerland, Sept. 1 .- The Austro-Hungarians, unable to hold out against the rush of the Rumanian army in the Transylvania region, are falling back on their second (ortified lines, ac cording to a correspondent at Austro-Hungarian headquarters. The correspondent says fighting has become general along a 400 mile front.

It is reported that a council of war will assemble shortly at Vienna. Emperor William of Germany, emperor Francis Joseph of Austria-Hungary, and Ferdinand, of Bulgaria, will be

Bulgars, it is reported, fear the Russians will make a combined land and sea attack on Varna, a Bulgarian Black Sea port.

## Midsummer Edition of Herald Best In History of Southwest

From the Tombstone (Ariz.) Prospector.

THE EL PASO HERALD blossomed out in its Week-End Edition with a 72-page Midsummer Progress and Building edition that far surpasses anything ever issued in the southwest, and containing, as it does, worlds of reading, descriptive matter, together with illustrations, will do wonders in helping boost the Great Southwest.

### The War At a Glance

THE official representative at Saloniki at the British press Constantine of Greece has abdicated in favor of crown prince George and that former premier Venizelos, leader of the party which favors intervention by Greece on the side of the entente allies, will be the power behind the throne. The correspondent regards it as uncertain whether the entente allies wish the assistance of Greece.

Greek Garrisons Surrender—

The surrender of three Greek garrisons in Macedonia to a committee, the nature of which is not indicated clearly, is reported from Saloniki. Other dispatches say there has been fighting between Greek regulars and volunteer forces. cables to London that king

forces.

Rumanian troops are continuing, apparently without serious interruption, their invasion of Hungary, and have occupied several villages, according to official announcement at Bucharest.

at Bucharest.

Belgaria Declares War—
On the Macedonian front comparative quiet continues. Bulgaria's expected declaration of war on Rumania is announced at Saloniki, according to an unofficial dispatch from that point.

Fairly Quiet Mong the Somme—
On the French front, fighting has died down, although the artiflery was very active Thursday night in the Somme sector. The British official statement says the Germans have penetrated British positions on a small frontage near High wood.

Rebels Attack Saloniki Garrison; Disarmed; Take Two Other Garrisons.

London, Eng., Sept. 1 .- The beginning of a revolution in Macedonia is reported in a Renter dispatch filed Thursday at Saloniki. Further details of the disturbance in Saloniki are givegram company, which says that when ie volunteers ascertained the reguthem they surrounded the barracks in the night, out the water main and elec-

A detachment of 60 regulars attempted to break its way out to obtain supplies. Its surrender was demanded, and when the regulars refused, the volunteers fired shots in the air. The regulars replied with a volley, where-

# **ABDICATION**

Constantine Relinquishes the Hellenic Crown in Favor of the Crown Prince.

QUEEN TO LEAVE GREECE, REPORT

War Party in Control, and Greece is Expected To Join the Entente.

ONDON, Eng., Sept. 1 .- King Constantine, of Greece, whose sym-pathels are Teutonic has abdicated, according to the British official press representative at Saloniki.

The press representative says the king has abdicated in favor of the crown prince, with former premis-Venizelos the power behind the throne. The new policy, he reports, will be to work with the Entente allies. Accord-

her kingdom.

Constantine's Reign Brief.

The reign of Constantine I, as king of the Hellenes was brief, dating only from March 18, 1912, when his father. George I, was assassinated in Saloniki. Brief as the reign was, Constantine had enjoyed a period of remarkable popularity and increased the territory of the Greek monarchy by over 50 percent.

in Germany. He became a rinkaw of the German emperor rrying the latter's sieter, prinophia, in 1889.

regulars replied with a volley, where upon the volunteers opened fire on them, compelling them to return to the barracks.

The aliled commander, Gen. Sarrail intervened to prevent further bloodshed. Altogether, according to the latest reports, three men were killed and one gendarme and two volunteers were wounded.

The soldiers refused to treat with the revolutionists, but accepted allied mediation. It was agreed that the soldiers should be disarmed at Camp Zeeitinlek, south of the city. The officers were permitted to retain their swords, pledging themselves not to interfere with the revolutionists. The harracks were turned over to the French. It is understood a number of the officers and a considerable proportion of the men sympathize with the revolutionists. It is also reported that the entire garrison at Vodena went over to a committee representing the revolutionists. The garrison at vodena went over to a committee representing the revolutionists. The garrison at Fort Little Karaburun refused to recognize the committee whereupon revolutionists surrounded the fort. After news had been received of the submission of the Saloniski garrison the regulars at little in common with the Greeks. The king and queen were hooted in the submission of the Saloniski garrison the regulars at little karaburun yielded.

All opposition to the revolutionary committee will now take over the functions of the government and is expected to proclaim a general mobilist.

PRINCE LEOPOLD COMMANDS

GERMANS ON EASTERN FRONT Berlin, Germany, Sent 1.—In today:

\*\*His Capture of Saloniski.\*\*

He finally became a maintent sleep to the Britan army, but the opposition of the sample of the military and for the dismissal of the crown prince, a significant army, but the opposition of the sample of the submission of the salonism and will now as moothed out and he was restored to his former dignities.

\*\*His Capture of Saloniski.\*\*

He finally became a national hero

Governor McDonald Is Named for Lieutenant Governor on Democratic Ticket and Accepts; W. B. Walton, of Grant, Is Nominated for Congress; Democrats Hold Long Night Session.

BY GUTHRIE SMITSL

SANTA FE, N. M. Sept. 1.—Two former governors on the ticket for subordinate offices make an unusual circumstance. The Democratic state convention at 2:30 this morning finished the nomination of such a ticket.

Governor William C. McDonald and Lieut Gov. E. C. de Baca exchange places on the ticket and former governor Miguel A. Otero is nominated for auditor.

William B. Walton, of Grant, was nominated for congress by acclamation, all the counties seconding the nomination, and as was forecast as certain, A. A. Jones, of San Miguel, was nominated for the United States senate.

When the convention was called to order at 8 oclock for the run down the home stretch no time was lost, and in a single session every nomination was made.

Marron, who made the motion in the afternoon for a star chamber session behind closed doors, did not attend the nominating speeches to five minutes and seconding speeches to five and two minutes, respectively, and Add; Gen.

Ender a suspension of the rules, the order was changed and the governor nominated first. De Baca was nominated for a suspension of the rules, the order was changed and the governor nominated first. De Baca was nominated by a colamation for auditor, the supreme court.

Wanted Jones to Talk.

It was clock the choice of santa Fe, was assisted and manded to love of the suspension of the rules, the colocy of the suspension of the rules, the colocy of the suspen

vote of 138 to 25.
George Davesson, treasurer of Chaves county, was named for commissioner of public lands by a vote of 159 to 15, defeating Fulgecio C. De Bacz, of Union.

At 12:30 and again at 12:50 five motions to receas until 3 oclock this morning were cried down without a vote.

the formative whereupon revolutions whereupon revolutions agreeous defect the committee, whereupon revolutions arrounded the fort. After news had been controlled the revolutions arrounded the fort. After news had been revolutions and the fort. After news had been revolutions as the fort. After news had been revolutionated the revolutions and the fort. After news had been revolutionated the revolutions of the military and had revoluted the revolutions of the military and had revoluted the revolutionated the revolutionated

Brotherhoods May Yield if Congress is Determined To Pass It.

HOUSE BILL IS UNION FAVORITE

President Believes Legislation To Avoid a Strike Will Be Passed.

While senate and house were this afternoon considering separate hills designed to avoid the threatened national railroad strike. there were indications that the labor leaders would fight a proposal in the senate bill to empower the interstate but would probably accept it if they saw congress was determined to include it in the bill.

Under a special rule providing for vote not later than 4:30 this afternoon the house took up the Adamson eight hour day bill, approved by president Wilson and accepted by brotherhood leaders as a "satisfactory settlement

The senate interstate commerce com Mignel A. Otero, of Santa Fe, was commissed by acclammation for auditor the supreme court. of Bernsillio, for the supreme court. of Bernsillio, for the supreme court. of Bernsillio, for the supreme court. The supreme court is the supreme court. The supreme court is the supreme court. The supreme court is the supreme court is the supreme court is the supreme court. The supreme court is the supreme court is the supreme court is the supreme court. The supreme court is the supreme court. The supreme court is the supreme court. The supreme court is the supreme court is the supreme court is the supreme court. The supreme court is the sup wages on interstate railways. It provides that the eight hour day shall become effective Jam. I. 1917; that the present pay for the 16 hour day shall be paid provata, but ndd that within not less than eix and not more than 12 months after its navere than 12 months after its navere than

You Can't Run Away From Infantile Paralysis; It Respects No Section